195.1		ARTICLE 8		
195.2	APP	ROPRIATIONS		
195.3	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.			
195.11 195.12	2 - 1	ons in Laws 2021, F. poses specified in this I fund, and are availa 22" and "2023" used opriation listed under 1, 2023, respectively. 2023. Supplemental a	irst Special Session of a article. The appropriate for the fiscal year in this article mean to them is available for "The first year" is fis appropriations and re-	chapter riations rs hat r the scal
195.14 195.15 195.16 195.17	Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT		APPROPRIATIO Available for the V Ending June 30 2022	<u>Year</u>
	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	63,760,000
195.21	(a) Compensation			
195.20	Subd. 2. Supreme Court Operations		<u>-0-</u>	4,054,000
195.23	Compensation for staff is increased by a minimum of six percent. Justices' compensation is increased by six percent.			
195.25	(b) Maintain Core Operations			
	\$2,304,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for maintaining core operations.			
195.28	(c) Cybersecurity			
	\$1,750,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for cybersecurity.			

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1.25	ARTICLE 1
1.26	APPROPRIATIONS AND RELATED PROVISIONS
1.27	Section 1. <u>APPROPRIATIONS.</u>
1.28 1.29 1.30 1.31 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5 2.6	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown in parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 11, article 1, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article mean that the addition to or subtraction from the appropriation listed under them is available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2022. "The second year" is fiscal year 2023. Supplemental appropriations and reductions to appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, are effective the day following final enactment.
2.7 2.8 2.9 2.10	APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30 2022 2023
2.11 2.12 2.13	Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT Substices' compensation is increased by six percent.

196.26 (c) Base Adjustment

196.27 The general fund base is increased by 196.28 \$200,000 beginning in fiscal year 2024 to 196.29 maintain funding for interpreter pay.

195.31 Subd. 3. Civil Legal Services		<u>-0-</u>	59,706,000					
195.32 (a) Salary Equity								
196.1 \$4,304,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for salary equity.								
196.3 (b) COVID-19 Response								
196.4 \$7,463,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for 196.5 COVID-19 response. The general fund base 196.6 for this appropriation is \$7,051,000 in fiscal 196.7 year 2024 and \$7,051,000 in fiscal year 2025. 196.8 (c) Increased Legal Services								
196.8 (c) Increased Legal Services 196.9 \$47,939,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for 196.10 increased legal services. The ongoing base for 196.11 this appropriation is \$58,806,000 beginning 196.12 in fiscal year 2024.								
196.13 Sec. 3. COURT OF APPEALS	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	621,000	2.14	Sec. 3. COURT OF APPEALS	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	621,000
196.14 Compensation								
196.15 Compensation for staff is increased by a 196.16 minimum of six percent. Judges' compensation 196.17 is increased by six percent.				2.15 2.16	Judges' compensation is increased by six percent.			
196.18 Sec. 4. DISTRICT COURTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	16,799,000	2.17	Sec. 4. DISTRICT COURTS	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> \$	14,803,000
196.19 (a) Compensation								
196.20 Compensation for staff is increased by a 196.21 minimum of six percent. Judges' compensation 196.22 is increased by six percent.				2.18 2.19	Judges' compensation is increased by six percent.			
196.23 (b) Psychological Services								
196.24 1,996,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for mandated psychological services.								

2.20 Sec. 5. PUBLIC DEFENDERS

<u>\$</u>

<u>-0-</u> \$

50,000,000

196.30 Sec. 5. GUARDIAN AD LITEM BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	909,000
196.31 Sec. 6. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,740,000</u> <u>\$</u>	52,453,000
197.1 (a) Electronic File Storage and Remote 197.2 Hearing Access			
 \$627,000 in fiscal year 2022 is for electronic file storage and remote hearing access. This is a onetime appropriation. 			
197.6 (b) Salary Equity			
197.7 \$1,113,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$2,266,000 in fiscal year 2023 are for salary equity.			
197.9 (c) Increased Services			
197.10 \$50,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for increased public defender services.			
197.12 (d) Postconviction Relief Petitions			
197.13 \$187,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for contract 197.14 attorneys to represent individuals who file 197.15 postconviction relief petitions. This is a 197.16 onetime appropriation.			
197.17 Sec. 7. <u>HUMAN RIGHTS</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	2,543,000
197.18 (a) Improve Caseload Processing			
197.20 \$492,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to improve caseload processing. The general fund base for this appropriation is \$461,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$461,000 in fiscal year 2025.			
197.23 (b) Bias and Discrimination Data Gathering197.24 and Reporting			
197.25 \$388,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to improve bias 197.26 and discrimination data gathering and 197.27 reporting. The general fund base for this 197.28 appropriation is \$243,000 in fiscal year 2024 197.29 and \$243,000 in fiscal year 2025.			

	(c) Bias Response Community Equity Outreach
198.1 198.2 198.3 198.4 198.5	\$1,185,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for bias response community equity outreach. The general fund base for this appropriation is \$1,001,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$1,001,000 in fiscal year 2025.
198.6 198.7	(d) Equity and Inclusion Strategic Compliance
198.8 198.9	\$228,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for equity and inclusion strategic compliance.
	(e) Equity and Inclusion Strategic Compliance Data Consultant
198.13 198.14	\$250,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for an equity and inclusion strategic compliance data consultant. These funds are available until June 30, 2024. This is a onetime appropriation.
	Sec. 8. BOARD OF APPELLATE COUNSEL FOR PARENTS \$ -0- \$ 699,000
198.18	Establishment
198.20 198.21	\$699,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to establish and operate the Board of Appellate Counsel for Parents and appellate counsel program. The ongoing base for this program is \$1,835,000 beginning in fiscal year 2024.
2.22	ARTICLE 1
2.23	APPROPRIATIONS
2.24	Section 1. APPROPRIATIONS.
2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30	The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are added to or, if shown in parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations in Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 11, article 1, to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2022" and "2023" used in this article mean that the addition to or subtraction from the appropriation listed under them is available for the
2 31	fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, or June 30, 2023, respectively "The first year" is fiscal

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2.32 2.33 2.34	year 2022. "The second year" is fiscal year 2023. Supplementa to appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, are final enactment.			
2.35 2.36 2.37 2.38		APPROPRIATIO Available for the Ending June 3 2022	Year	
2.39	Sec. 2. <u>PUBLIC SAFETY</u> Subdivision 1. Total			5.8 Sec. 8. PUBLIC SAFETY \$ -0- \(\) 108,185,000
2.41	Appropriation §	<u>15,000,000</u> <u>\$</u>	148,543,000	
2.42	Appropriations by Fund			
2.43	<u>2022</u> <u>2023</u>			
3.1	<u>Trunk Highway</u> <u>-0-</u> <u>252,000</u>			
3.2	<u>Special Revenue</u> <u>-0-</u> <u>4,050,000</u>			
3.3	<u>General</u> <u>15,000,000</u> <u>144,241,000</u>			
3.4 3.5 3.6	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.			
3.7	Subd. 2. Emergency Management	<u>-0-</u>	4,225,000	
3.8 3.9	(a) Local Government Emergency Management			8.1 (f) Local Government Emergency 8.2 Management
3.10 3.11 3.12 3.13 3.14 3.15 3.16 3.17 3.18 3.19	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants in equal amounts to the emergency management organizations of the 87 counties, 11 federally recognized Tribes, and four cities of the first class for planning and preparedness activities, including capital purchases. Local emergency management organizations must make a request to the Homeland Security and Emergency Management Division for these grants. Current local funding for emergency			\$3,000,000 is to award grants in equal amounts to the emergency management organizations of the 87 counties, 11 federally recognized Tribes, and four cities of the first class for reimbursement of planning and preparedness activities, including capital purchases, that are eligible under federal emergency preparedness grant guidelines. Local emergency management organizations must make a request to Homeland Security

3.20	management and preparedness activities may
3.21	not be supplanted by these additional state
3.22	funds. The commissioner may use up to one
3.23	percent of the appropriation received under
3.24	this paragraph to pay costs incurred by the
3.25	department in administering the local
3.26	government emergency management grant
3.27	program.
3.28	By March 15, 2023, the commissioner of
3.29	public safety must submit a report on the grant
3.30	awards to the chairs and ranking minority
3.31	members of the legislative committees with
3.32	jurisdiction over emergency management and
3.33	preparedness activities. At a minimum, the
3.34	
	report must identify grant recipients and
3.35	summarize grantee activities.
4.1	(b) First Responder Wellness Office
4.2	\$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to establish
4.3	an office that will provide leadership and
4.4	resources for improving the mental health of
4.5	first responders statewide. The base is
4.6	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.
4.0	\$1,000,000 in fiscar year 2024 and increation.
4.7	(c) Mutual Aid
4.8	Response Training
	<u>-</u>
4.9	\$500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for mutual aid
4.10	response training. This appropriation is
4.11	onetime.
4.12	(d) Supplemental Nannuafit Security Cuenta
4.12	(d) Supplemental Nonprofit Security Grants
4.13	\$225,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for
4.14	supplemental nonprofit security grants under
4.15	this paragraph.
4.16	Nonprofit organizations whose applications
	for funding through the Federal Emergency
4.17 4.18	Management Agency's nonprofit security grant
	management Agency's nonpront security grant
4.19	program that have been approved by the

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.13	and Emergency Management for these grants.
.14	Current local funding for emergency
.15	management and preparedness activities may
.16	not be supplanted by these additional state
.17	funds. Of this amount, up to one percent may
.18	be used for the department's administrative
.19	costs. This appropriation does not lapse and
.20	is available until expended. Unspent money
.21	may be redistributed to eligible local
.22	emergency management organizations.
.23	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year,
.24	the commissioner shall submit a report on the
.25	grant awards to the chairs and ranking
.26	minority members of the legislative
.27	committees with jurisdiction over emergency
.28	management and preparedness activities. At
.29	a minimum, the report must identify grant
.30	recipients and give detailed information on
.31	how the grantees used the money received.

4.20	Division of Homeland Security and
4.21	Emergency Management are eligible for grants
4.22	under this paragraph. No additional application
4.23	shall be required for grants under this
4.24	paragraph, and an application for a grant from
4.25	the federal program is also an application for
4.26	funding from the state supplemental program.
4.27	Eligible organizations may receive grants of
4.28	up to \$75,000, except that the total received
4.29	by any individual from both the federal
4.30	nonprofit security grant program and the state
4.31	supplemental nonprofit security grant program
4.32	shall not exceed \$75,000. Grants shall be
4.33	awarded in an order consistent with the
4.34	ranking given to applicants for the federal
5.1	nonprofit security grant program. No grants
5.2	under the state supplemental nonprofit security
5.3	grant program shall be awarded until the
5.4	announcement of the recipients and the
5.5	amount of the grants awarded under the federal
5.6	nonprofit security grant program.
5.7	The commissioner may use up to one percent
5.8	of the appropriation received under this
5.9	paragraph to pay costs incurred by the
5.10	department in administering the supplemental
5.11	nonprofit security grant program. This is a
5.12	onetime appropriation.
5.13	(e) National Incident Management System
5.14	Training
5.15	Within one year of taking office, each mayor
5.16	and city administrator of a city of the first class
5.17	must complete a certified course in incident
5.18	command under the National Incident
5.19	Management System (NIMS). This
5.20	requirement does not apply to persons who
5.21	have completed this training within five years
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

of assuming the duties of mayor or city

5.22

5.23

administrator.

5.25	Apprehension	<u>-0-</u>	5,664,000
5.26	(a) Violent Crime Reduction Support		
5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30	\$1,779,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to support violent crime reduction strategies. This includes funding for staff and supplies to enhance forensic and analytical capacity.		
5.31	(b) BCA Accreditation		
5.32 5.33 5.34 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	\$186,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to support the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to achieve and maintain law enforcement accreditation from an accreditation body. This includes funding for staff, accreditation costs, and supplies. The base is \$170,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.		
6.5	(c) Cybersecurity Upgrades		
6.6 6.7 6.8 6.9 6.10 6.11	\$2,391,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for identity and access management, critical infrastructure upgrades, and Federal Bureau of Investigation audit compliance. This appropriation is available through June 30, 2024. The base is \$900,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.		
6.12 6.13	(d) Marijuana Penalties <u>Modified</u>		
6.14 6.15 6.16 6.17 6.18	\$208,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for computer programming, forensic testing, and supplies related to changes in criminal penalties for marijuana. The base is \$191,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.		
6.19	(e) Expungements		
6.20 6.21	\$1,100,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for costs related to expungements of criminal records.		

Subd. 3. Criminal

The base is \$520,000 in fiscal year 2024 and

\$0 for fiscal year 2025.

6.22 6.23

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6.24 6.25	Subd. 4. Office of Justice Propriation	rograms; Total		15,000,000	119,936,000
6.26	Appropriat	ions by Fund			
6.27	Special Revenue	<u>-0-</u>	2,600,000		
6.28	<u>General</u>	15,000,000	117,336,000		
6.29	(a) Minnesota Heals				
6.30	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 202	23 is for a			
6.31	statewide community healing				
6.32	statewide critical incident str				
6.33	services for first responders;				
6.34	trauma services and burial co	osts following			
7.1	officer-involved deaths. This	appropriation			
7.2	may be used for new staff to	support these			
7.3	programs. From this amount	, the director may	-		
7.4	award a grant to a nonprofit		-		
7.5	equine experiential mental he				
7.6	first responders suffering fro				
7.7	trauma and post-traumatic st				
7.8	purposes of this paragraph, "				
7.9	means a peace officer as defi		<u>l</u>		
7.10	Statutes, section 626.84, sub				
7.11	paragraph (c); a full-time fire		<u>d</u>		
7.12	in Minnesota Statutes, sectio				
7.13	subdivision 5; or a volunteer				
7.14	defined in Minnesota Statute				
7.15	299N.03, subdivision 7. If th				
7.16	issues a grant for equine exp				
7.17	health therapy, the grant reci				
7.18	to the commissioner of publi				
7.19	chairs and ranking minority				
7.20	legislative committees with j				
7.21	public safety policy and fina		<u>y</u>		
7.22	provided to first responders.				
7.23	include an overview of the p				
7.24	a detailed explanation of pro				
7.25	expenditures, the number of				
7.26	served by the program, and a				
7.27	explanation of the services p	rovided to, and			

benefits received by, program participants. An

7.29 7.30	initial report is due by January 15, 2023, and a final report is due by January 15, 2024.
7.31 7.32	(b) General Crime and Trauma Recovery Grants Funding
	
7.33	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for programs
7.34 7.35	supporting victims of general crime. These
8.1	funds may also be used to establish trauma recovery centers in the state to support victims
8.2	of violent crime who experience trauma and
8.3	are in need of services and provide new staff
8.4	to support these programs.
8.5	(c) Youth Development Grants
0.6	<u>* </u>
8.6 8.7	\$500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide grants to programs serving youth and for youth
8.8	violence intervention and prevention
8.9	programs. Priority for these funds must be
8.10	given to programs that employ or utilize
8.11	trauma-informed therapists to support the
8.12	youth the programs serve. These funds may
8.13	be used to administer these grants.
8.14	(d) Crossover and Dual-Status Youth Model
8.15	Grants
8.16	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 from the
8.17	prevention services account in the special
8.18	revenue fund is to provide grants to local units
8.19	of government and federally recognized Indian
8.20	Tribes to initiate or expand crossover youth
8.21	practice model and dual-status youth programs
8.22	that provide services for youth who are in both
8.23	the child welfare and juvenile justice systems,
8.24 8.25	in accordance with the Robert F. Kennedy National Resource Center for Juvenile Justice
8.26	model.
8.27	(e) Staffing and Board Expenses
8.28	\$3,639,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to increase
8.29	staffing in the Office of Justice Programs for
8.30 8.31	grant management and compliance; build
8.31	
8.32	capacity and provide technical assistance to applicants; provide training to individuals and

Public Safety and Judiciary -- Articles 1 and 8

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House Language UES2673-1

8.33	entities seeking to become applicants; perform
8.34	community outreach and engagement to
9.1	improve the experiences and outcomes of
9.2	applicants, grant recipients, and crime victims
9.3	throughout Minnesota; establish and support
9.4	a final review panel; and maintain a Minnesota
9.5	Statistical Analysis Center to create ongoing
9.6	grant evaluation programs and other research
9.7	and data analysis. These funds may also be
9.8	used for the per diem and other costs necessary
9.9	to establish and support the Public Safety
9.10	Innovation Board.
9.11	(f) Community-Based Public Safety Grants
9.12	\$1,968,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for
9.13	community-based public safety grants. The
9.14	base is \$75,000 in fiscal year 2024 and
9.15	thereafter.
9.16	(g) Prosecutor Training
9.17	\$25,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for prosecutor
9.18	training.
9.19	(h) Alternatives to Juvenile Detention -
9.20	Youth Conflict Resolution Centers Grants
	-
9.21	\$1,400,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to establish
9.22	and maintain youth conflict resolution centers
9.23	as alternatives to juvenile detention.
9.24	(i) Direct Assistance to Crime Victim
9.25	Survivors
0.26	£4,000,000 ;
9.26	\$4,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for an
9.27	increase in base funding for crime victim services for the Office of Justice Programs to
9.28	
9.29	provide grants for direct services and advocacy
9.30	for victims of sexual assault, general crime,
9.31	domestic violence, and child abuse. Funding
9.32	must support the direct needs of organizations
9.33	serving victims of crime by providing: direct

client assistance to crime victims; competitive

9.4	(i) Prosecutorial Trainin	g
-----	---------------------------	---

- 9.5 \$100,000 is for a grant to the Minnesota
- 9.6 County Attorneys Association to be used for

- 9.7 prosecutorial and law enforcement training,
- 9.8 including trial school training and
- 9.9 train-the-trainers courses.

10.2	wages for direct service staff; hotel stays and
10.3	other housing-related supports and services;
10.4	culturally responsive programming; prevention
10.5	programming, including domestic abuse
10.6	transformation and restorative justice
10.7	programming; and other needs of
10.8	organizations and crime victim survivors.
10.9	Services funded must include services for
10.10	victims of crime in underserved communities
10.11	most impacted by violence and reflect the
10.12	ethnic, racial, economic, cultural, and
10.13	geographic diversity of the state. The Office
10.14	of Justice Programs shall prioritize culturally
10.15	specific programs, or organizations led and
10.16	staffed by persons of color that primarily serve
10.17	communities of color, in funding allocation.
10.18	The base is \$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and
10.19	thereafter.
10.20	(j) Combatting Sex Trafficking
10.20 10.21	
	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to
10.21	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the
10.21 10.22 10.23	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes:
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26 10.27 10.28 10.29	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex trafficking crimes, including case consultation, to law enforcement agencies statewide.
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26 10.27 10.28 10.29	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex trafficking crimes, including case consultation, to law enforcement agencies statewide. (k) Epinephrine Auto-Injector
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26 10.27 10.28 10.29	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex trafficking crimes, including case consultation, to law enforcement agencies statewide.
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26 10.27 10.28 10.29	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex trafficking crimes, including case consultation, to law enforcement agencies statewide. (k) Epinephrine Auto-Injector Reimbursement Grants \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26 10.27 10.28 10.29 10.30 10.31	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex trafficking crimes, including case consultation, to law enforcement agencies statewide. (k) Epinephrine Auto-Injector Reimbursement Grants
10.21 10.22 10.23 10.24 10.25 10.26 10.27 10.28 10.29 10.30 10.31	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to state and local units of government for the following purposes: (1) to support new or existing multijurisdictional entities to investigate sex trafficking crimes; and (2) to provide technical assistance for sex trafficking crimes, including case consultation, to law enforcement agencies statewide. (k) Epinephrine Auto-Injector Reimbursement Grants \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to

auto-injectors that have expired.

Women and Girls

11.3

(1) Office of Missing and Murdered Black

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Senate Language S2673-3

11.5	\$500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to establish
11.6 11.7	and operate the Office of Missing and Murdered Black Women and Girls.
11.8 11.9	(m) Reward Fund for Missing and Murdered Indigenous Relatives
11.10	\$110,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to pay rewards
11.11	for information related to investigations of
11.12	missing and murdered Indigenous relatives
11.13	under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.86.
11.14	(n) Youth Intervention Program
11.15	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for the youth
11.16	intervention grants program under Minnesota
11.17	statutes, section 299A.73. Money appropriated
11.18	under this section is available to programs that
11.19	are currently supported by youth intervention
11.20	program grants. This is a onetime
11.21	appropriation.
11.22	(o) Task Force on the Abuse of Controlled
11.23	Substances
11.24	\$144,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to implement
11.25	the Task Force on the Abuse of Controlled
11.26	Substances. The base is \$154,000 in fiscal year
11.27	2024 and \$66,000 in fiscal year 2025. The
11.28	base is \$0 in fiscal year 2026 and thereafter.
11.29	(p) Task Force on a Coordinated Approach
11.30	to Juvenile Wellness and Justice
11.31	\$150,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to implement
11.32	the Task Force on a Coordinated Approach to
12.1	Juvenile Wellness and Justice. This is a
12.2	onetime appropriation.
12.3	(q) Juvenile Prevention Services
12.4	In fiscal year 2023, \$150,000 from the general
12.5	fund and \$1,600,000 from the prevention
12.6	services account in the special revenue fund

are appropriated for grants to provide

prevention services. Grant recipients may be local units of government, federally recognized Indian Tribes, or nonprofit

12.7 12.8

8.32	(g)	Youth 1	Intervention	Grants
-				

- 8.33 \$5,000,000 is for youth intervention program
 8.34 grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
 299A.73.

12.11	organizations. Recipients must use funds to
12.12	establish or support programs designed to
12.13	prevent juveniles from entering the criminal
12.14	or juvenile justice systems through approaches
12.15	that encourage a youth's involvement in the
12.16	community, provide wrap-around services for
12.17	at-risk youth, or include culturally appropriate
12.18	behavioral health interventions for youth.
12.19	Specific programs may include but are not
12.20	limited to after-school programs, mentorship
12.21	programs, tutoring programs, programs that
12.22	employ restorative justice techniques such as
12.23	peacemaking circles, or programs based on
12.24	the Developmental Assets Framework of the
12.25	Search Institute.
12.26	(r) Juvenile Intervention Services
12.27	\$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
12.28	intervention and healing services. Grant
12.29	recipients may be local units of government,
12.30	federally recognized Indian Tribes, or
12.31	nonprofit organizations. Recipients must use
12.32	funds to provide intervention services to youth
12.33	involved in the juvenile or criminal justice
12.34	systems. Intervention services must engage
12.35	youth who have been involved in the justice
13.1	system with the aim to create community
13.2	connections between the youth and their
13.3	community, promote community healing, and
13.4	employ restorative justice techniques such as
13.5	circles, panels, or victim-offender mediation.
13.6	(s) Mental Health Services and Wellness
13.7	Support for Juveniles and Families
13.8	\$1,750,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to
13.9	organizations to provide mental health and
13.10	wellness support services for youth involved
13.11	in the juvenile justice system and their
13.12	families. Funding for mental health services
13.13	is for individuals or organizations that provide
13.14	mental health services for youth involved in

the juvenile justice system, including residential settings or community-based

13.17	treatment. Funds must be used to support
13.18	programs designed with input from youth with
13.19	lived experience, as well as individuals with
13.20	professional expertise. Wellness support
13.21	services for families of young people placed
13.22	out of home following a juvenile delinquency
13.23	adjudication must create family support
13.24	groups, provide resources to support families
13.25	during out-of-home placements, or support
13.26	the family through the period of
13.27	post-placement reentry.
13.28	(t) Local Community Innovation Grants
13.29	\$55,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for local
13.30	community innovation grants. The base is
13.31	\$30,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and beyond.
13.32	Any unencumbered grant balances at the end
13.33	of the fiscal year do not cancel but are
13.34	available for grants in the following year.
14.1	(u) Emergency Community Safety Grants
14.2	\$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 is for grants
14.3	to crime prevention programs for the purpose
14.4	of providing public safety. Any unencumbered
14.5	balance at the end of fiscal year 2023 does not
14.6	cancel but is available for the purposes of this
14.7	section until spent. This is a onetime
14.8	appropriation.
14.9	(v) Local Co-Responder Grants
14.10	\$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants
14.11	to establish, maintain, or expand the use of
14.12	co-responder programs that work with law
14.13	enforcement agencies. Any unencumbered
14.14	balance at the end of the fiscal year does not
14.15	cancel but is available for the purposes of this
14.16	section until spent.
14.17	(w) Local Community Policing Grants
14.18	\$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for local
14.19	community policing grants. The base is
14.20	\$10,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2024 and
14.21	2025. The base is \$0 in fiscal year 2026 and

14.22 14.23 14.24	thereafter. Any unencumbered grant balances at the end of the fiscal year do not cancel but are available for grants in the following year.				
14.25	(x) Local Investigation Grants				
14.26 14.27 14.28 14.29 14.30 14.31 14.32	\$15,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for local investigation grants. The base is \$10,000,000 in each of fiscal years 2024 and 2025. The base is \$0 in fiscal year 2026 and thereafter. Any unencumbered grant balances at the end of the fiscal year do not cancel but are available for grants in the following year.				
15.1	Subd. 5. State Patrol	<u>-0-</u>	252,000		
15.2	(a) Criminal Record Expungement				
15.3 15.4 15.5 15.6	\$84,000 in fiscal year 2023 from the trunk highway fund is for costs related to criminal record expungement. The base is \$168,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.				
15.7	(b) Marijuana Penalties Modified				
15.8 15.9 15.10	\$168,000 in fiscal year 2023 from the trunk highway fund is for costs related to changes in marijuana criminal penalties.				
15.11	Subd. 6. Administrative Services	<u>-0-</u>	16,016,000		
15.12	(a) Public Safety Officer Soft Body Armor				
15.13 15.14 15.15 15.16 15.17	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for public safety officer soft body armor reimbursements under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.381. Of this amount, the commissioner may use up to \$60,000 to staff and administer the program.				
15.18	(b) Body Camera Grants			10.26	(k) Portable Recording Systems
15.19 15.20 15.21 15.22 15.23 15.24	\$9,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for grants to local law enforcement agencies for portable recording systems. The commissioner shall award grants to local law enforcement agencies for the purchase and maintenance of portable recording systems and portable			10.27 10.28 10.29 10.30 10.31	\$5,000,000 is to provide grants for portable recording systems and portable recording system data under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.88, purchased or contracted for on or after July 1, 2022.

15.25 15.26	recording system data. The base is in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.	\$4,500,000			
15.27	(c) Body Camera Data Storage				
15.28 15.29 15.30 15.31 15.32 16.1 16.2 16.3	\$6,016,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to and administer a statewide cloud-bacamera data storage program. Of the the commissioner may use up to \$1 for staff and operating costs to administer and the body camera grant in the preceding section. The base i \$6,036,000 in fiscal year 2024 and in fiscal year 2025.	is amount, ,000,000 inister this is program			
16.5	Subd. 7. Emergency Communicat	ion Networ	<u>ks</u>	<u>-0-</u>	2,450,000
16.6	Appropriations by	Fund			
16.7	Special Revenue	<u>-0-</u>	1,450,000		
16.8	General	<u>-0-</u>	1,000,000		
16.9	(a) Local Grants				
16.10 16.11 16.12 16.13 16.14 16.15 16.16 16.17 16.18 16.19 16.20 16.21 16.22 16.23 16.24	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is fo local government units participating statewide public safety radio comm system established under Minnesots section 403.36. The grants must be purchase portable radios and related that is interoperable with the Allied Matrix for Emergency Response (A system. Each local government unit receive only one grant. The grant is upon a match of at least five percennonstate funds. The director of the Communication Networks division.	g in the unication a Statutes, used to d equipment Radio RMER) t may contingent t from			

16.26 appropriation.

SEE SEC. 16. PORTABLE RECORDING SYSTEMS.

16.27 (b) Public Sa		
16.28 Certification	and Training	g Reimbursement

16.29 **Grants**

16.30 \$1,450,000 in fiscal year 2023 is appropriated

16.31 from the nondedicated 911 emergency special

16.32 revenue account for administrative and

16.33 software costs and rulemaking to establish and

16.34 review 911 public safety telecommunicator

17.1 certification and continuing education

17.2 standards as described in Minnesota Statutes,

17.3 section 403.051. The base is \$1,000,000 in

each of fiscal years 2024 and 2025.

5.9 (a) Promoting Peace Office	ers
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5.10 \$1,000,000 is to implement, in coordination

- 5.11 with the Peace Officer Standards and Training
- Board, a marketing and advertising campaign
- 5.13 to publicly promote the importance of peace
- officers for the safety of Minnesotans and to
- 5.15 recruit more persons into law enforcement
- 5.16 careers. This is a onetime appropriation.

5.17 By January 15, 2024, the commissioner shall

- 5.18 report to the chairs and ranking minority
- 5.19 members of the legislative committees having
- 5.20 jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and
- 5.21 finance on the campaign required by this
- 5.22 paragraph. The report must provide a detailed
- 5.23 overview on how the appropriation was spent,
- 5.24 <u>including but not limited to information that</u>
- 5.25 itemizes how the campaign was conducted,
- 5.26 the types of marketing and advertising
- activities conducted, and the types of media
- 5.28 used. In addition, the report must address the
- 5.29 level of success and efficacy of the campaign
- 5.30 using objective and verifiable criteria.

5.31 (b) Pathway to Policing

- 5.32 \$2,000,000 is for reimbursement grants to state
- 5.33 and local law enforcement agencies that
- 5.34 operate pathway to policing programs intended

5.1	to bring persons with nontraditional
5.2	backgrounds into law enforcement. Applicants
5.3	for reimbursement grants may receive up to
5.4	50 percent of the cost of compensating and
5.5	training pathway to policing participants.
5.6	Reimbursement grants must be proportionally
5.7	allocated based on the number of grant
5.8	applications approved by the commissioner.
5.9	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year,
5.10	the commissioner shall report to the chairs and
5.11	ranking minority members of the legislative
5.12	committees with jurisdiction over public safety
5.13	policy and finance on the pathway to policing
5.14	grant program. At a minimum, the report must
5.15	identify the agencies receiving the grants and
5.16	the number of individuals recruited or hired
5.17	based on the grants and the nature of the
5.18	individual's nontraditional backgrounds, and
5.19	include an evaluation of the success of the
5.20	program in achieving its goals.
5.21	(c) Gunshot Detection System
5.21 5.22	(c) Gunshot Detection System \$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey
5.22	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey
5.22 5.23	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the
5.22 5.23 5.24	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents.
6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to:
6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible gunfire within a specific coverage area using
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible
6.22 6.23 6.24 6.25 6.26 6.27 6.28 6.29 6.30 6.31	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible gunfire within a specific coverage area using acoustic sensors that accurately pinpoint the
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 5.32	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible gunfire within a specific coverage area using acoustic sensors that accurately pinpoint the location of the gunfire; and
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 5.32	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible gunfire within a specific coverage area using acoustic sensors that accurately pinpoint the location of the gunfire; and (2) obtain and maintain software that allows
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 5.32 5.33 5.34	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible gunfire within a specific coverage area using acoustic sensors that accurately pinpoint the location of the gunfire; and (2) obtain and maintain software that allows peace officers to receive an alert on a mobile computer, smartphone, or tablet indicating the address of the gunfire, the time frame in which
5.22 5.23 5.24 5.25 5.26 5.27 5.28 5.29 5.30 5.31 5.32 5.33 5.34 7.1	\$2,000,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey County Sheriff's Office to improve the detection of incidents involving gunfire and facilitate a rapid response to those incidents. This is a onetime appropriation. This money may be used to: (1) purchase technology systems, including portable devices, that detect outdoor audible gunfire within a specific coverage area using acoustic sensors that accurately pinpoint the location of the gunfire; and (2) obtain and maintain software that allows peace officers to receive an alert on a mobile computer, smartphone, or tablet indicating the

7.5	The Ramsey County Sheriff's Office shall
7.6	place technology that detects outdoor audible
7.7	gunfire in areas in the county where there are
7.8	a disproportionately high number of gunfire
7.9	incidents.
7.10	(d) First Responders Mental Health
7.11	\$1,000,000 is for a grant to a nonprofit
7.12	organization that provides nonmedical mental
7.13	health support to first responders who have
7.14	experienced traumatic events. The grant
7.15	recipient shall use the money to fund mental
7.16	health treatment for present and former law
7.17	enforcement officers and first responders
7.18	facing employment-related mental health
7.19	issues, utilizing interactive group activity and
7.20	other methods.
7.21	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year,
7.22	the commissioner shall report to the chairs and
7.23	ranking minority members of the legislative
7.24	committees with jurisdiction over public safety
7.25	policy and finance on the grant made under
7.26	this paragraph. The report must identify the
7.27	grantee and give detailed information on how
7.28	the money was used by the grantee and
7.29	provide an evaluation of the success of the
7.30	grantee in meeting the goals of the program.
7.31	(e) Violent Crime Enforcement Teams
7.32	\$2,000,000 is for additional violent crime
7.33	enforcement teams.
9.1	(h) School Safety Center
9.2	\$250,000 is for two school safety specialists
9.3	at the Minnesota School Safety Center.
9.10	(j) Ramsey County Sheriff Violent Crime
9.11	Initiative; Air Patrol
9.12	\$2,400,000 is for a grant to the Ramsey
9.13	County Sheriff's Office. In coordination with
9.14	other sheriffs' offices, police departments, and
9.15	Metro Transit, the Ramsey County sheriff shall

0.16	41 - C 4- 4
9.16	use the funds to prevent and combat surging rates of violent crime, including murder,
9.17	
9.18	assault, carjacking, and other crimes against
9.19	the person, in the seven-county metropolitan
9.20	area with a concentration of efforts in areas
9.21	that have experienced the largest increase in
9.22	violent crimes since July 1, 2020. The Ramsey
9.23	County sheriff may use these funds to
9.24	reimburse or directly compensate peace
9.25	officers from other jurisdictions who assist in
9.26	crime prevention efforts coordinated by the
9.27	sheriff. This is a onetime appropriation.
9.28	\$600,000 is for the State Patrol's use of the air
9.29	patrol, in coordination with the Ramsey
9.30	County sheriff, to prevent and combat violent
9.31	crime in the seven-county metropolitan area
9.32	with a concentration of efforts in areas that
9.33	have experienced the largest increase in
10.1	violent crimes since July 1, 2020. This is a
10.2	onetime appropriation.
10.3	By February 1, 2024, the commissioner shall
10.4	report to the chairs and ranking minority
10.4 10.5	report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
	members of the legislative committees with
10.5	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and
10.5 10.6	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this
10.5 10.6 10.7	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16 10.17	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the convictions obtained, the number of resulting
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16 10.17	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the convictions obtained, the number of resulting forfeitures, and the specific uses to which the
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the convictions obtained, the number of resulting forfeitures, and the specific uses to which the air patrol was employed. In addition, the report
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18 10.19	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the convictions obtained, the number of resulting forfeitures, and the specific uses to which the air patrol was employed. In addition, the report must identify instances in which a portion of
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18 10.19	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the convictions obtained, the number of resulting forfeitures, and the specific uses to which the air patrol was employed. In addition, the report must identify instances in which a portion of the appropriation was used to reimburse or
10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 10.9 10.10 10.11 10.12 10.13 10.14 10.15 10.16 10.17 10.18 10.19 10.20 10.21	members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on how the appropriations in this paragraph were used. The report must detail the impact the appropriations had on reducing violent criminal activity in the seven-county metropolitan area and make recommendations on how future state appropriations can be used to reduce violent crime in the seven-county metropolitan area. The report must provide specific details on the number of arrests made in whole or in part from the grant, the crimes for which the arrests were made, the convictions obtained, the number of resulting forfeitures, and the specific uses to which the air patrol was employed. In addition, the report must identify instances in which a portion of

10.24 10.25	jurisdictions, specifying this by agency and amount.
10.32	(1) Use of Force Training; Reimbursement
10.33 10.34 11.1 11.2 11.3 11.4 11.5 11.6 11.7	\$2,625,000 is for reimbursement grants, to be made in consultation with the executive director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, to postsecondary schools certified to provide programs of professional peace officer education for providing in-service training programs on the use of force, including deadly force, by peace officers. This is a onetime appropriation and is available until June 30, 2025.
11.9 11.10	To be eligible for reimbursement, training offered by a postsecondary school must:
11.11 11.12 11.13 11.14	(1) satisfy the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8452, and be approved by the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board;
11.15 11.16 11.17 11.18	(2) utilize scenario-based training that simulates real-world situations and involves the use of real firearms that fire nonlethal ammunition; and
11.19 11.20 11.21	(3) be offered to peace officers at no charge to the peace officer or law enforcement agency.
11.22 11.23 11.24 11.25 11.26	A postsecondary school that offers training consistent with the requirements of this paragraph may apply for reimbursement for the costs of offering the training. Reimbursement shall be made at a rate of \$250
11.27 11.28 11.29 11.30 11.31	for each officer who participates in the training. The postsecondary school shall submit the name and peace officer license number of the peace officer who received the training.

11.32 As used in this paragraph:

12.1 12.2	(i) "law enforcement agency" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
12.3	subdivision 1, paragraph (f); and
12.4	(ii) "peace officer" has the meaning given in
12.5	Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84,
12.6	subdivision 1, paragraph (c).
12.7	(m) Peace Officer Education
12.8	Reimbursement
12.9	\$2,500,000 is for education reimbursement
12.10	grants, to be made in consultation with the
12.11	executive director of the Peace Officer
12.12	Standards and Training Board, to eligible
12.13	peace officers.
12.14	An eligible peace officer is a person who:
12.15	(1) is a peace officer as defined in Minnesota
12.16	Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1,
12.17	paragraph (c);
12.18	(2) began employment as a peace officer on
12.19	or after July 1, 2021;
12.20	(3) has been continuously employed as a peace
12.21	officer for at least 12 months;
12.22	(4) has not been found to be in violation of the
12.23	standards of conduct set forth in Minnesota
12.24	Rules, part 6700.1600; and
12.25	(5) paid tuition or other fees to a
12.26	postsecondary school to participate in a
12.27	professional peace officer education program
12.28	as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section
12.29	626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (g).
12.30	An eligible peace officer may receive
12.31	reimbursement equal to the amount paid in
12.32	tuition or other fees to a postsecondary school
12.33	to participate in a professional peace officer
13.1	education program or \$5,000, whichever is
13.2	less. An eligible peace officer may not receive
13.3	reimbursement for any amount paid by a third

party or reimbursed by any other entity, or any amount of a loan that was forgiven or is

13.6 13.7	eligible to be forgiven from money borrowed from a financial institution or other entity.
13.8 13.9 13.10 13.11 13.12	The commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, shall establish the requirements for an application for reimbursement of education expenses. At a minimum, the application must include:
13.13 13.14	(i) the name, date of birth, and peace officer license number of the applicant;
13.15 13.16	(ii) the postsecondary school to which tuition or other fees were paid and the amount paid;
13.17 13.18	(iii) the date of completion of a professional peace officer education program;
13.19 13.20	(iv) the date on which the person began employment as a peace officer;
13.21 13.22 13.23 13.24 13.25	(v) certification by a chief law enforcement officer that the person is employed as a peace officer at the time of application and has been employed as a peace officer for at least the previous 12 months; and
13.26 13.27 13.28 13.29 13.30 13.31 13.32 13.33 13.34 14.1	(vi) a statement signed by the applicant, under penalty of perjury as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 609.48, attesting that the applicant paid the tuition or fees being claimed; the amount paid was not reimbursed by any other entity or through any other program; and the applicant is not claiming reimbursement for any amount of a loan that was forgiven or is eligible to be forgiven from money borrowed from a financial institution or other entity.
14.3 14.4 14.5	The commissioner shall prepare and make forms available on its website for use by applicants and chief law enforcement officers.
14.6 14.7 14.8 14.9	By February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over public

14.10	safety policy and finance on the grants made
14.11	under this paragraph. At a minimum, the report
14.12	must give details on the number of grants
14.13	made, the amount of each grant, the
14.14	postsecondary schools attended, and the law
14.15	enforcement agency the peace officer is
14.16	employed by.
14.17	(n) Reimbursement Grants to Law
14.18	Enforcement Agencies for New Peace
14.19	Officer Hiring Bonuses
14.20	\$20,000,000 is for grants, to be made in
14.21	consultation with the executive director of the
14.22	Peace Officer Standards and Training Board,
14.23	to law enforcement agencies under this
14.24	paragraph. This is a onetime appropriation and
14.25	is available until June 30, 2025.
14.26	The commissioner, in consultation with the
14.27	executive director, may make reimbursement
14.28	grants as provided in this paragraph to law
14.29	enforcement agencies that have paid
14.30	recruitment bonuses to newly hired peace
14.31	officers. Agencies may apply for grants on
14.32	forms and as directed by the commissioner.
14.33	The maximum amount of a grant is \$10,000
14.34	per officer hired. An agency may apply for
15.1	multiple grants to cover multiple eligible
15.2	bonuses. Grants are awarded at the discretion
15.3	of the commissioner, in consultation with the
15.4	executive director, and are limited to the
15.5	amount appropriated for this purpose.
15.6	Law enforcement agencies may offer
15.7	recruitment bonuses to provide incentives to
15.8	individuals to become peace officers with the
15.9	agency. A reimbursement grant under this
15.10	paragraph may be made only if the peace
15.11	officer was hired after having received notice
15.12	of the availability of a recruitment bonus and
15.13	only after the agency has paid the bonus. An
15.14	officer is eligible for a bonus upon reaching
15.15	the officer's one year anniversary of starting
15.16	employment at the agency and only if the

15.17	officer is a member in good standing with the			
15.18	agency. A grant may be awarded only for a			
15.19	bonus paid to a newly licensed peace officer			
15.20	hire. Grants may not reimburse bonuses paid			
15.21	to officers moving laterally from other			
15.22	jurisdictions within the state or officers who			
15.23	previously served as correctional officers			
15.24	within the state. If the demand for grants			
15.25	exceeds the amount appropriated, the			
15.26	commissioner, in consultation with the			
15.27	executive director, shall award grants in a			
15.28	manner that ensures that grants are distributed			
15.29	to agencies in a geographically balanced			
15.30	manner and also in a balanced manner in terms			
15.31	of the size of the law enforcement agencies			
15.32	receiving grants.			
15.33	By January 15, 2025, the commissioner shall			
15.34	report to the chairs and ranking minority			
15.35	members of the legislative committees having			
16.1	jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and			
16.2	finance on the grant program. At a minimum,			
16.3	the report must provide detailed information			
16.4	on the grants awarded under this paragraph,			
16.5	including the amount of each grant and the			
16.6	recipient agency, and the number of new hires			
16.7	made in whole or in part because of the grants.			
16.8	(o) Peace Officer Bonus Program			
16.9	\$2,000,000 is for the bonus program described			
16.10	in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8415.			
16.11	(p) Bonus Payments to Peace Officers			
16.12	\$47,000,000 is to distribute, in consultation			
16.13	with the executive director of the Peace			
16.14	Officer Standards and Training Board, a			
16.15	onetime bonus payment to each peace officer,			
16.16	as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section			
16.17	626.84, subdivision 1, who is employed as of			
16.18	July 1, 2022. The bonus payment must be			
16.19	\$3,000 for peace officers under the age of 50			
16.20	as of July 1, 2022, and \$10,000 for peace			
16.21	officers aged 55 or over as of July 1, 2022.			
16.22	For a peace officer aged 50 to 54 as of July 1,			

16.23	2022, the bonus payment is \$3,000. However,
16.24	the peace officer must be paid an additional
16.25	\$7,000 bonus upon reaching 55 years of age
16.26	if the person is still employed as a peace
16.27	officer or upon working an additional two
16.28	years as a peace officer, whichever occurs
16.29	first. This is a onetime appropriation and is
16.30	available until June 30, 2025.
16.31	By February 1, 2026, the commissioner shall
16.32	report to the chairs and ranking minority
16.33	members of the legislative committees with
16.34	jurisdiction over public safety policy and
17.1	finance on the bonus payments made under
17.2	this paragraph. At a minimum, the report must
17.3	identify the number of grants made, the
17.4	amount of each grant, the number of grants
17.5	by category, and the number of grants made
17.6	to peace officers aged 50 to 54 that were later
17.7	supplemented upon the peace officer working
17.8	two additional years or turning 55.
17.9	(q) Police Officer Skills Training and
17.9 17.10	(q) Police Officer Skills Training and Provider Program Grants
	Provider Program Grants \$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota
17.10	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of
17.10 17.11	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State
17.10 17.11 17.12	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a 360-degree force continuum simulator; a
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a 360-degree force continuum simulator; a tactical warehouse recording system; personal
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a 360-degree force continuum simulator; a tactical warehouse recording system; personal interaction replay equipment, such as
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a 360-degree force continuum simulator; a tactical warehouse recording system; personal interaction replay equipment, such as electronic tablets for crime scene investigation
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25 17.26	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a 360-degree force continuum simulator; a tactical warehouse recording system; personal interaction replay equipment, such as electronic tablets for crime scene investigation scenarios; and other costs associated with
17.10 17.11 17.12 17.13 17.14 17.15 17.16 17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21 17.22 17.23 17.24 17.25	\$5,000,000 is to transfer to the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities Board of Trustees for grants to the nine Minnesota State Colleges and Universities police officer skills training and provider programs. The grants may be used for technological needs, including body cameras to enhance student learning through the use of real-time review; fleet vehicles and accessories such as automatic vehicle locators, light bars, and radio racks; a de-escalation simulation program; a 360-degree force continuum simulator; a tactical warehouse recording system; personal interaction replay equipment, such as electronic tablets for crime scene investigation

17.29 based on the nine police officer skills training

17.30	and provider program enrollment. This is a			
17.31	onetime appropriation.			
17.32	(r) Racially Diverse Youth			
17.33	\$210,000 is for grants to organizations to			
17.34	address racial disparity of youth using shelter			
18.1	services in the Rochester and St. Cloud			
18.2	regional areas. A grant recipient shall establish			
18.3	and operate a pilot program connected to			
18.4	shelter services to engage in community			
18.5	intervention outreach, mobile case			
18.6	management, family reunification, aftercare,			
18.7	and follow up when family members are			
18.8	released from shelter services. A pilot program			
18.9	must specifically address the high number of			
18.10	racially diverse youth that enter shelters in the			
18.11	regions. This is a onetime appropriation.			
18.12	(s) Administration Costs			
18.13	Except as otherwise provided, up to 2.5			
18.14	percent of the money appropriated in this			
18.15	section may be used by the commissioner to			
18.16	administer the grant programs described.			
18.17	(t) Costs of Sexual Assault Medical			
18.18	Examinations			
18.19	\$3,500,000 is to pay for the cost of medical			
18.20	examinations for sexual assault victims in			
18.21	accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section			
18.22	609.35.			
18.23	(u) Prohibition on Supplanting			
18.24	Notwithstanding any contrary provision in			
18.25	ordinance or contract, a local unit of			
18.26	government may not use any money			
18.27	appropriated or granted under this section to			
18.28	supplant its funding of peace officer salaries,			
18.29	salary ranges, or other compensation, or use			
18.30	it in a manner that differs from the purposes			
18.31	specified.			

18.32 (v) Public Safety Officers; Benefits

17.5 17.6	Sec. 3. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS AND TRAINING (POST) BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>165,000</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>1,550,000</u>
17.7	(a) Database for Public Records			
17.8 17.9 17.10	\$165,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for a database for public records. This is a onetime appropriation.			
17.11 17.12	(b) Task Force on Alternative Courses to Peace Officer Licensure			
17.13 17.14 17.15	\$50,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for a task force on alternative courses to peace officer licensure. This is a onetime appropriation.			
17.16	(c) Investigators			
17.17 17.18 17.19 17.20 17.21	\$1,250,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to hire investigators and additional staff to perform compliance reviews and investigate alleged code of conduct violations and to obtain or improve equipment for that purpose.			
17.22	(d) Strength and Agility Testing			
17.23 17.24 17.25 17.26 17.27 17.28 17.29 17.30 17.31	\$250,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to reimburse law enforcement agencies for funding scientifically content-validated and job-related physical strength and agility examinations to screen applicants as required under Minnesota Statutes, section 626.843, subdivision 1c. The board must establish guidelines for the administration of reimbursement payments under this section.			
17.32	Sec. 4. PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOARD	<u>\$</u>	<u>80,000 \$</u>	518,000

(a) Record Management System and Background Checks

18.1 18.2

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- 9.1 \$1,000,000 is for costs associated with the
- 9.2 amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section
- 9.3 299A.41, made in sections 13 to 15.

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18.3 18.4 18.5	\$80,000 in fiscal year 2022 and \$18,000 in fiscal year 2023 are to purchase and implement a record management system.			
18.6	(b) Investigations and Field Audits			
18.7 18.8	\$430,000 is for additional staffing to conduct investigations and field audits.			
18.9	(c) Review Training Curriculum			
18.10 18.11	\$70,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for an annual review of training curriculum.			
18.12	Sec. 5. CORRECTIONS			
18.13 18.14	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,000,000</u> §	29,272,000
18.15 18.16	Subd. 2. Incarceration and Prerelease Services		<u>-0-</u>	5,252,000
			<u>-0-</u>	5,252,000

3.6	Sec. 7. <u>CORRECTIONS</u>			
3.7 3.8	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	27,955,000
3.9 3.10 3.11	The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.			
3.12	Subd. 2. Incarceration and Prerelease Services		<u>-0-</u>	2,955,000

3.13 Interstate Adult Offender Transfer
3.14 Transportation Expenses
3.15 \$250,000 is for reimbursement of
3.16 transportation expenses related to the return
3.17 of probationers to the state who are being held
3.18 in custody under Minnesota Statutes, section
3.19 243.1605. Reimbursement shall be based on
3.20 a fee schedule agreed to by the Department of
3.21 Corrections and the Minnesota Sheriffs'
3.22 Association. The required return to the state

18.23	(b) Body-Worn Camera Program
18.24	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to implement
18.25	a body-worn camera program for uniformed
18.26	correctional security personnel and
18.27	community-based supervision agents. The
18.28	base is \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 and
18.29	thereafter.
18.30	(c) Family Support Unit
18.31	\$280,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to create a
18.32	family support unit that focuses on family
19.1	support and engagement for incarcerated
19.2	individuals and their families.
19.3	(d) Higher Education
19.4	\$2,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to contract
19.5	with Minnesota's institutions of higher
19.6	education to provide instruction to incarcerated
19.7	individuals in state correctional facilities and
19.8	to support partnerships with public and private
19.9	employers, trades programs, and community
19.10	colleges in providing employment
19.11	opportunities for individuals after their term
19.12	of incarceration. Funding must be used for
19.13	contracts with institutions of higher education
19.14	and other training providers, and associated
19.15	reentry and operational support services
19.16	provided by the agency. The base is
19.17	\$3,500,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.

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3.23	of a probationer in custody as a result of a
3.24	nationwide warrant issued pursuant to the
3.25	Interstate Compact for Adult Supervision mus
3.26	be arranged and supervised by the sheriff of
3.27	the county in which the court proceedings are
3.28	to be held and at the expense of the state as
3.29	provided for in this subdivision. This expense
3.30	offset is not applicable to the transport of
3.31	individuals from pickup locations within 250
3.32	miles of the office of the sheriff arranging and
3.33	supervising the offender's return to the state.

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19.18 19.19	(e) Family Communication and Support Services						
19.20 19.21 19.22 19.23 19.24 19.25 19.26	\$1,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide communications, programs that improve visitation opportunities for families, and related supportive services for incarcerated individuals to connect with family members and other approved support persons or service providers.						
19.27 19.28 19.29	Subd. 3. Community Supervision and Postrelease Services	<u>-0-</u>	12,050,000	4.1 4.2 4.3	Subd. 3. Community Supervision and Postrelease Services	<u>-0-</u>	25,000,000
				4.4	(a) Community Corrections Act		
				4.5 4.6 4.7	\$16,250,000 is added to the Community Corrections Act subsidy under Minnesota Statutes, section 401.14.		
				4.8 4.9	(b) County Probation Officer Reimbursement		
				4.10 4.11 4.12 4.13	\$5,000,000 is added to the county probation officer reimbursement program as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 244.19, subdivision 6.		
19.30	(a) Grants Management System						
19.31 19.32 19.33 19.34 19.35	\$450,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for a grants management system and to increase capacity for grants management, including compliance and internal controls. The base is \$489,000 in fiscal year 2024 and thereafter.						
20.1	(b) Supervision Services			4.14 4.15	(c) Department of Corrections Supervision Services		
20.2 20.3 20.4 20.5 20.6 20.7	\$10,450,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for services provided by the Department of Corrections Field Services, County Probation Officers, and Community Corrections Act counties. The base is \$25,750,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$38,300,000 in fiscal year 2025 and shall be			4.16 4.17	\$3,750,000 is for the department's probation and supervised release services.		

- 20.8 distributed based on the formula established
- in article 7, section 16, subdivision 3.

20.10 (c) Work Release Prog	gram
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- 20.11 \$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to expand
- 20.12 the use of the existing Department of
- 20.13 Corrections work release program to increase
- 20.14 the availability of educational programming
- 20.15 for incarcerated individuals who are eligible
- 20.16 and approved for work release.

20.17 (d) Healing House

- 20.18 \$150,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide
- 20.19 project management services in support of the
- 20.20 Healing House model. The Healing House
- 20.21 provides support and assistance to Native
- 20.22 American women who have been victims of

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4.18 (d) Reporting Requ	iired
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- By January 1, 2023, each county receiving
- 4.20 reimbursement under Minnesota Statutes,
- section 244.19, and each county or group of
- 4.22 counties receiving funding under Minnesota
- Statutes, section 401.14, shall report to the
- 4.24 commissioner of corrections how they spent
- 4.25 the additional funds appropriated in this
- 4.26 subdivision, including how many new
- 4.27 probation officers or other supervisory staff
- 4.28 were hired, and any new supervision programs
- 4.29 initiated.

4.30 (e) **Reporting Required**

- 4.31 By February 1, 2023, the commissioner shall
- 4.32 collate the information received under
- 4.33 paragraph (d) and submit it to the chairs and
- 4.34 ranking minority members of the legislative
- 5.1 committees having jurisdiction over criminal
- 5.2 justice policy and finance. The commissioner
- shall also report on how the additional funds
- 5.4 appropriated in paragraph (c) to the
- 5.5 Department of Corrections for probation and
- 5.6 supervised release were spent, using the same
- statistical indexes and format.

20.23	trauma. The base is \$0 in fiscal year 2026 and		
20.24	thereafter.		
20.25	Subd. 4. Organizational, Regulatory, and		
20.26	Administrative Services	1,000,000	11,970,000
20.27	(a) Technology		
20.28	\$1,000,000 in fiscal year 2022 and		
20.29	\$11,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 are to replace		
20.30	or improve existing corrections data		
20.31	management systems that have significant		
20.32	deficiencies, create a statewide public safety		
20.33 20.34	information sharing infrastructure, and		
20.34	improve data collection and reportability. The base is \$17,500,000 in fiscal year 2024 and		
21.1	thereafter.		
21.2	mereaner.		
21.3	In the development, design, and		
21.4	implementation of the statewide public safety		
21.5	data information sharing infrastructure, the		
21.6	department shall, at a minimum, consult with		
21.7	county correctional supervision providers, the		
21.8	judicial branch, the Minnesota Sheriffs'		
21.9	Association, the Minnesota Chiefs of Police		
21.10	Association, and the Bureau of Criminal		
21.11	Apprehension.		
21.12	(b) Property Insurance Premiums		
21.13	\$650,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to fund cost		
21.14	increases for property insurance premiums at		
21.15	state correctional facilities.		
21.16	(c) Project Management Office		
21.10	<u> </u>		
21.17	\$230,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to expand the		
21.18	Department of Corrections project		
21.19	management office, including the addition of		
21.20	two project manager full-time-equivalent		
21.21	positions.		
21.22	(d) Indeterminate Sentence Release Board		
21.23	\$40,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to fund the		
21.24	establishment of an Indeterminate Sentence		
21.25	Release Board (ISRB) to review eligible cases		

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21.26 21.27 21.28 21.29 21.30 21.31 21.32	and make release decisions for persons serving indeterminate sentences under the authority of the commissioner of corrections. The ISRB must consist of five members, including four persons appointed by the governor from two recommendations of each of the majority and minority leaders of the house of			
21.33 22.1	representatives and the senate and the commissioner of corrections who shall serve			
22.2 22.3	as chair. (e) Task Force on Felony Murder			
22.4 22.5 22.6	\$50,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to implement the Task Force on Felony Murder. This is a onetime appropriation.			
22.7 22.8	Sec. 6. OMBUDSPERSON FOR CORRECTIONS	<u>\$</u>	<u>21,000</u> §	12,000
22.9	Sec. 7. OFFICE OF HIGHER EDUCATION	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	2,500,000
22.10	\$2,500,000 in fiscal year 2023 is to provide			
22.11 22.12 22.13 22.14 22.15 22.16 22.17 22.18 22.19 22.20 22.21 22.22 22.23 22.24 22.25 22.26	reimbursement grants to postsecondary schools certified to provide programs of professional peace officer education for providing in-service training programs for peace officers on the proper use of force, including deadly force, the duty to intercede, and conflict de-escalation. Of this amount, up to 2.5 percent is for administration and monitoring of the program. To be eligible for reimbursement, training offered by a postsecondary school must consist of no less than eight hours of instruction and: (1) satisfy the requirements of Minnesota Statutes, section 626.8452, and be approved by the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, for use of force training;			

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22.29	the use of real firearms that fire nonlethal			
22.30	ammunition when appropriate;			
22.31 22.32 22.33 23.1 23.2	(3) include a block of instruction on the physical and psychological effects of stress before, during, and after a high risk or traumatic incident and the cumulative impact of stress on the health of officers;			
23.3 23.4 23.5 23.6	(4) include blocks of instruction on de-escalation methods and tactics, bias motivation, unknown risk training, defensive tactics, and force-on-force training; and			
23.7 23.8 23.9	(5) be offered to peace officers at no charge to the peace officer or an officer's law enforcement agency.			
23.10 23.11 23.12 23.13 23.14 23.15 23.16 23.17 23.18	A postsecondary school that offers training consistent with the above requirements may apply for reimbursement for the costs of offering the training. Reimbursement shall be made at a rate of \$450 for each officer who participates in the training. The postsecondary school must submit the name and peace officer license number of the peace officer who received the training.			
23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22 23.23 23.24	As used in this section, "law enforcement agency" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), and "peace officer" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).			
23.25	Sec. 8. <u>CLEMENCY REVIEW COMMISSION</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u>705,000</u>
23.26 23.27	Sec. 9. OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u>	<u> \$ 1,821,000</u>
23.28	\$1,821,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for enhanced			

criminal enforcement.

23.29

23.30 Sec. 10. SENTENCING GUIDELINES
23.31 COMMISSION

23.32 \$117,000 in fiscal year 2023 is for providing meeting space and administrative assistance for the Task Force on Collection of Charging and Related Data. The base is \$121,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$0 for fiscal year 2025.

24.3	Sec.	11.	TRANSFERS;	MINNCOR.

24.4 \$\frac{\$7,000,000 \text{ in fiscal year 2023} \text{ is transferred from the MINNCOR fund to the general 24.5} \text{fund.}

24.6 Sec. 12. TRANSFER; OPIATE EPIDEMIC RESPONSE.

24.7 \$10,000,000 in fiscal year 2023 is transferred from the general fund to the opiate epidemic

24.8 response fund established pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 256.043. Grants issued

from this amount are for prevention and education as described in Minnesota Statutes,

24.10 section 256.042, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1). Grant recipients must be located

24.11 outside the seven-county metropolitan area.

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2.21	Sec. 6. SENTENCING GUIDELINES	<u>\$</u>	<u>-0-</u> <u>\$</u>	838,000
2.22	(a) Searchable Public Database			
2.23 2.24 2.25 2.26 2.27 2.28 2.29 2.30 2.31 2.32 2.33	\$265,000 is to develop and maintain a publicly searchable database pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 244.09, subdivision 6a. The base is \$289,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$87,000 in fiscal year 2025 and beyond. (b) Recordings of Commission Meetings \$4,000 is to make visual and audio recordings of commission meetings and to make the recordings available to the public on the commission's website. This is a onetime appropriation.			
3.1	(c) Reports on Dismissals by Prosecutors			
3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5	\$569,000 is to implement the reporting requirement in Minnesota Statutes, section 244.09, subdivision 15. The base for this is \$145,000 in fiscal year 2024 and beyond.			

3	The commissioner of public safety shall transfer any amounts remaining in the
4	appropriation under Laws 2021, First Special Session chapter 11, article 1, section 14,
5	subdivision 7, paragraph (k), from the Office of Justice Programs to the state fire marshal
6	for grants to the Minnesota Firefighter Initiative to fund the hometown heroes assistance
7	program under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.477.
8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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19.4

Senate Language S2673-3

19.5 19.6 19.7	Subd. 2. Contents of notice. The commissioners of health and public safety, in consultation with sexual assault victim advocates and health care professionals, shall develop the notice required by subdivision 1. The notice must inform the victim, at a minimum, of:
19.8 19.9 19.10 19.11	(1) the obligation under section 609.35 of the county where the criminal sexual conduct occurred state to pay for the examination performed for the purpose of gathering evidence, that payment is not contingent on the victim reporting the criminal sexual conduct to law enforcement, and that the victim may incur expenses for treatment of injuries;
19.12 19.13 19.14 19.15	(2) the victim's rights if the crime is reported to law enforcement, including the victim's right to apply for reparations under sections 611A.51 to 611A.68, information on how to apply for reparations, and information on how to obtain an order for protection or a harassment restraining order; and
19.16 19.17 19.18	(3) the opportunity under section 611A.27 to obtain status information about an unrestricted sexual assault examination kit, as defined in section 299C.106, subdivision 1, paragraph (h).
19.19 19.20	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022, and applies to any examination that occurs on or after that date.
19.21 19.22	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
19.23 19.24 19.25 19.26	Subd. 6a. Publicly searchable database. (a) The commission shall maintain a public website with a searchable database that provides the public with information on criminal sentences stayed or imposed by the courts. The website must not include information that is not public data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivision 8a.
19.27 19.28 19.29	(b) The website required under paragraph (a) must contain all the information transmitted from the sentencing court to the commission including information in the sentencing worksheet transmitted pursuant to section 609.115, subdivision 2a, and the sentencing order

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 144.6586, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

19.30 19.31	and departure report, if any, sent pursuant to Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 27.03. Data received by the commission must be entered into separate fields in the database.
19.32	(c) The searchable database must allow a user of the website to:
20.1	(1) search by individual fields, including but not limited to:
20.2	(i) case number;
20.3	(ii) defendant name;
20.4	(iii) date of offense;
20.5	(iv) judicial district where the sentence was stayed or imposed;
20.6	(v) county where the sentence was stayed or imposed;
20.7	(vi) year in which the sentence was stayed or imposed;
20.8	(vii) judge who stayed or imposed the sentence;
20.9	(viii) crime for which the sentence was stayed or imposed;
20.10	(ix) defendant's criminal history score;
20.11	(x) severity level of the offense for which a sentence was stayed or imposed;
20.12	(xi) executed sentences, including the length of sentence imposed and executed;
20.13 20.14	(xii) stayed sentences, including the length of probation ordered and, if applicable, the length of sentence imposed but not executed;
20.15 20.16 20.17	(xiii) whether the sentence was a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines and, if so, whether it was an aggravated durational, aggravated dispositional, mitigated durational, mitigated dispositional, or hybrid departure; and
20.18 20.19	(xiv) whether a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines was ordered with prosecutor agreement;
20.20	(2) perform a search using at least two fields;
20.21	(3) sort by each field;
20.22 20.23	(4) obtain information grouped or aggregated by each field, where groups or subtotals are feasible; and
20.24	(5) allow the user to download the data into a user-controlled database.
20.25	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.09, subdivision 11, is amended to read:
20.26 20.27 20.28	Subd. 11. Modification. The commission shall meet as necessary for the purpose of modifying and improving the guidelines. The commission shall allow members of the public to monitor each meeting electronically from a remote location and to comment from that

20.29 21.1 21.2 21.3 21.4 21.5 21.6 21.7 21.8 21.9 21.10 21.11 21.12 21.13 21.14	location during the public comment period of each meeting. The commission shall make a visual and audio recording of each meeting and make the recordings available to the public on the commission's website or through a link posted on the website. Any modification which amends the Sentencing Guidelines grid, including severity levels and criminal history scores, or which would result in the reduction of any sentence or in the early release of any inmate, with the exception of a modification mandated or authorized by the legislature or relating to a crime created or amended by the legislature in the preceding session, shall be submitted to the legislature by January 15 of any year in which the commission wishes to make the change and shall be effective on August 1 of that year, unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. All other modifications shall take effect according to the procedural rules of the commission. On or before January 15 of each year, the commission shall submit a written report to the committees of the senate and the house of representatives with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy that identifies and explains all modifications made during the preceding 12 months and all proposed modifications that are being submitted to the legislature that year.
21.15	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
21.16 21.17	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 244.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
21.18 21.19 21.20	Subd. 15. Report on dismissals with agreement of the prosecutor. The Sentencing Guidelines Commission shall include in its annual report to the legislature a summary and analysis of reports received from county attorneys under section 388.052.
21.21	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299A.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
21.22 21.23 21.24 21.25 21.26	Subd. 3. Killed in the line of duty. (a) "Killed in the line of duty" does not include deaths from natural causes, except as provided in this subdivision. In the case of a public safety officer, killed in the line of duty includes the death of a public safety officer caused by accidental means while the public safety officer is acting in the course and scope of duties as a public safety officer.
21.27 21.28 21.29 21.30	(b) Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as the direct and proximate result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture, that officer shall be presumed to have died as the direct and proximate result of a personal injury sustained in the line of duty if:
21.31	(1) that officer, while on duty:
22.1 22.2 22.3	(i) engaged in a situation, and that engagement involved nonroutine stressful or strenuou physical law enforcement, fire suppression, rescue, hazardous material response, emergency medical services, prison security, disaster relief, or other emergency response activity; or
22.4 22.5	(ii) participated in a training exercise, and that participation involved nonroutine stressful or strenuous physical activity;

(2) that officer died as a result of a heart attack, stroke, or vascular rupture suffered:

22.6

22.7	(i) while engaging or participating under clause (1);
22.8	(ii) while still on duty after engaging or participating under clause (1); or
22.9	(iii) not later than 24 hours after engaging or participating under clause (1); and
22.10	(3) the presumption is not overcome by competent medical evidence to the contrary.
22.11 22.12	(c) Killed in the line of duty also means if a public safety officer dies as a result of suicide when:
22.13 22.14	(1) a licensed mental health provider previously diagnosed the officer with post-traumatic stress disorder; and
22.15 22.16	(2) the officer's mental health provider determined the post-traumatic stress disorder resulted from the officer's work as a public safety officer.
22.17 22.18	As used in this paragraph, "public safety officer" includes only the individuals described in subdivision 4, clauses (1), (2), (3), (4), (6), (8), and (9).
22.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.
22.20 22.21	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299A.41, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
22.22 22.23 22.24	Subd. 3a. Post-traumatic stress disorder. "Post-traumatic stress disorder" means the condition as described in the most recently published edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders by the American Psychiatric Association.
22.25	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.
22.26	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 299A.41, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
22.27 22.28	Subd. 4. Public safety officer. Except as provided in subdivision 3, paragraph (c), "public safety officer" includes:
22.29	(1) a peace officer defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c) or (d);
23.1 23.2	(2) a correction officer employed at a correctional facility and charged with maintaining the safety, security, discipline, and custody of inmates at the facility;
23.3 23.4	(3) an individual employed on a full-time basis by the state or by a fire department of a governmental subdivision of the state, who is engaged in any of the following duties:
23.5	(i) firefighting;
23.6	(ii) emergency motor vehicle operation;
23.7	(iii) investigation into the cause and origin of fires;
23.8	(iv) the provision of emergency medical services; or

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23.9	(v) hazardous material responder;
23.10 23.11	(4) a legally enrolled member of a volunteer fire department or member of an independer nonprofit firefighting corporation who is engaged in the hazards of firefighting;
23.12 23.13	(5) a good samaritan while complying with the request or direction of a public safety officer to assist the officer;
23.14 23.15	(6) a reserve police officer or a reserve deputy sheriff while acting under the supervision and authority of a political subdivision;
23.16 23.17	(7) a driver or attendant with a licensed basic or advanced life-support transportation service who is engaged in providing emergency care;
23.18 23.19 23.20 23.21 23.22	(8) a first responder who is certified by the emergency medical services regulatory board to perform basic emergency skills before the arrival of a licensed ambulance service and who is a member of an organized service recognized by a local political subdivision to respond to medical emergencies to provide initial medical care before the arrival of an ambulance; and
23.23 23.24 23.25	(9) a person, other than a state trooper, employed by the commissioner of public safety and assigned to the State Patrol, whose primary employment duty is either Capitol security or the enforcement of commercial motor vehicle laws and regulations.
23.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from January 1, 2017.
23.27	Sec. 16. [299A.88] PORTABLE RECORDING SYSTEMS.
23.28 23.29 23.30 23.31 24.1 24.2 24.3 24.4	Subdivision 1. Grants. The commissioner of public safety shall award grants to local law enforcement agencies for the purchase, maintenance, support, and storage of portable recording systems and portable recording system data. An applicant must provide a 25 percent match to be eligible to receive a grant. The commissioner shall give priority to law enforcement agencies located outside of the seven-county metropolitan area that do not have a portable recording system program. Grants under this section apply only to contracts for portable recording systems and portable recording system data with a duration of five years or less.
24.5 24.6 24.7 24.8 24.9 24.10	Subd. 2. Reporting. By February 15 of each odd-numbered year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over public safety policy and finance on the grants made pursuant to this section. At a minimum, the report must specify the agencies receiving grants and how they used the money, including whether it was used for new purchases or replacements; the number of providers used to provide or support the systems, the length of the contracts for this, and whether the contracts included other items; and what features were included with the systems.

27.19	Sec. 19. [388.052] REPORT ON CRIMINAL CHARGES AND CASES DISMISSED.
27.20 27.21 27.22	(a) In each case where the defendant is charged with a felony, a county attorney who dismisses any part of a criminal action pursuant to Rules of Criminal Procedure, rule 30.01, shall record the following information in writing:
27.23	(1) the name of the defendant;
27.24	(2) the date of the offense;
27.25	(3) all crimes charged;
27.26	(4) any charges that were dismissed;
27.27	(5) the name of the assistant county attorney who authorized the dismissal;
27.28	(6) the date of dismissal; and
27.29 27.30 28.1 28.2	(7) any reason for the dismissal, including dismissals due to diversion, suppression or loss of evidence, lack of cooperation of a victim or witness, a plea agreement on a single felony complaint with multiple felony counts, or a plea agreement involving more than one separately charged felony complaint.
28.3 28.4	The county attorney may not record any information under this paragraph that indicates the cooperation of a defendant as a reason for a dismissal.
28.5 28.6 28.7 28.8 28.9	(b) The county attorney shall forward the information recorded under paragraph (a) to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission upon forms prescribed by the commission and must publish the information on the county attorney's publicly accessible website. Information forwarded to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission and posted on the county attorney's website must not include the identifying information of any victim.
28.10 28.11	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022, and applies to dismissals that take place on or after that date.
29.4	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2020, section 609.35, is amended to read:
29.5	609.35 COSTS OF MEDICAL EXAMINATION.
29.6 29.7	(a) Costs incurred by a eounty, eity, or private hospital or other emergency medical facility or by a private physician or other licensed health care provider for the examination
29.8 29.9	of a victim of criminal sexual conduct when the examination is performed for the purpose of gathering evidence shall be paid by the county in which the criminal sexual conduct
29.10 29.11 29.12	occurred state. These costs include, but are not limited to, the full cost of the rape kit examination; any associated tests and treatment relating to the complainant's a sexually transmitted disease status, infection; and any associated tests relating to the victim's
29.13 29.14	pregnancy status. A hospital, emergency medical facility, or health care provider shall submit the costs for the examination and any associated tests and necessary treatment to

29.15 29.16	the Office of Justice Programs for payment. Upon receipt of the costs, the office shall provide payment to the facility or health care provider.
29.17 29.18 29.19 29.20 29.21 29.22 29.23	(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the duties, responsibilities, or liabilities of any insurer, whether public or private. However, a county the state may seek insurance reimbursement from the victim's insurer only if authorized by the victim. This authorization may only be sought after the examination is performed. When seeking this authorization, the county state shall inform the victim that if the victim does not authorize this, the county state is required by law to pay for the examination and that the victim is in no way liable for these costs or obligated to authorize the reimbursement.
29.24 29.25	(c) The applicability of this section does not depend upon whether the victim reports the offense to law enforcement or the existence or status of any investigation or prosecution.
29.26 29.27	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective July 1, 2022, and applies to any examination that occurs on or after that date.
29.28	Sec. 22. [626.8415] PEACE OFFICER BONUS PROGRAM.
29.29 29.30 29.31 29.32 30.1 30.2 30.3 30.4 30.5 30.6 30.7	Subdivision 1. Program established. The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the executive director of the Peace Officer Standards and Training Board, may issue bonus payments to peace officers employed by state or local law enforcement agencies as provided under this section. To be eligible for a bonus payment, the peace officer must have been nominated by the chief law enforcement officer of the agency employing the peace officer. The commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, shall develop nomination forms and guidelines for bonus payment eligibility. The guidelines must describe the process and criteria by which payments are to be awarded. Final decisions on the actual awarding and amount of individual bonuses are at the discretion of the commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, and are limited to funds appropriated for this purpose.
30.8 30.9 30.10 30.11 30.12 30.13 30.14 30.15 30.16 30.17 30.18	Subd. 2. Types of bonuses. The commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, may accept nominations and award bonuses for exemplary service that goes above and beyond the call of duty, including but not limited to acts of heroism or valor. In addition, the commissioner, in consultation with the executive director, may award bonuses for recognition of meritorious service in which the recipient peace officer has served for a minimum of five years without having any adverse disciplinary actions taken against the peace officer. An individual bonus payment may not exceed \$10,000. Subd. 3. Report required. By January 15 of each year, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and finance on the bonuse program. At a minimum, the report must provide detailed information on the bonuses awarded under this section, including the
30.19	amount of each bonus, the agency employing the recipient, and general information on the

30.20

reasons for the bonus.

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30.21	Sec. 23. EXCEPTION TO TOLLING PERIOD.
30.22	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.47, a claim for benefits may be made
30.23	from the public safety officer's death benefit account by or on behalf of a survivor of a
30.24	public safety officer who died by suicide between January 1, 2017, and June 30, 2022,
30.25	within two years of the effective date of this act if the officer is considered killed in the line
30.26	of duty under the changes made in sections 13 to 15.